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1.	A widow innerits property of her	(B) Section 2(a)	12	Which of the following Sections of		(B) In substitution of such
	husband on his death. Whether a	(C) Section 2(b)	P.	the Specific Relief Act deals with		performance
	subsequent re-marriage would divest	(D) Section 2(h)		specific performance of part of		(C) Either in addition to or in
	her of property in view of Section 24 and Section 14 of the Hindu			contract?		substitution of such
		5. A will of any part of a will, and marking		(A) Section 12		performance
	Succession Act, 1956 ?	of which has been caused by				(D) None of the above
	(A) Yes	fraud or coercion or by such		(B) Section 13	12	A declaration made under Section 34
	(B) No	importunity is :		(C) Section 14	12.	is binding on
	(C) Depends			(D) Section 15		
	(D) None of the above	(A) Valid	I,). In which of the following cases has		., .
2.	One who shares (equally) with	(B) Void				 (B) Persons claiming through them respectively
2.	others in inheritance in the estate			the Supreme Court held that when		(C) Where any of the parties are
	of a common ancestor is called a	(-)		granting of damages is an adequate		trustees, on the persons for
	e a tricker	(D) None of the above		relief, the specific performance		whom, if in existence at the date
	(A) Cognate	6. The specific performance of any		would be refused ?		of the declaration, such parties
	(B) Coparcener	contract spacified in Section 10 of the		(A) Prakash Chandra v. Angadial		would be trustees
	(C) Agnate	Specific Relief Act may be enforced		(B) Maria v. Bilkees		(D) All of the above
	(D) None of the above			(C) Chand Rani v. Kamal Rani	13.	Perpetual injunction is defined in
	As an Castion 14 of the Hindu		1	(D) None of the above		Section of the Specific
3.	As per Section 14 of the Hindu Succession Act, 1956 any property	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				Relief Act.
	possessed by a female Hindu,		1	A party who has rescinded a contract	ł	(A) Section 36
	whether acquired before or after the			·	,	(B) Section 37
	commencement of the Act shall be			(A) Can recover damages		(C) Section 38
	held by her as	(D) None of the above		(B) Cannot recover damages		(D) Section 39
Г	(A) A full owner	7. What is the period of limitation fixed		(C) Depends	14.	A party can file a suit for rectification
	(B) A limited owner	for filing a suit for specific				
	(-)	performance of a contract?		(D) None of the above		(A) At any time when fraud is
	(-)		11	In a suit for specific performance		discovered
	(D) None of the above	(A) 2 years		of a contract, the plaintiff may		(B) At any time a mistake has
4.	Which Section of the Indian			also claim compensation for its		come to light
	Succession Act, 1925 defines	(C) 7 years		· breach		(C) Within three years of execution
	codicil ?					of instrument
	(A) Section 2(f)	(D) 14 years		(A) In addition to such performance		(D) Either (A) or (B)
50	- 18/26	(2) Contd.	L E	D – 1B/26 (3	0	- (Turn over)
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 15. Which of the following contracts cannot be specifically enforced? (A) A contract for the non-performance of which compensation in money is an adequate relief (B) A contract which runs into such minute or numerous details (C) A contract which is in its nature determinable (D) All of the above 16. Indian Constitution is : (A) Unitary (B) Federal (C) Quasi-federal (D) None of the above 	 19. The President can make laws, when the Parliament is not in session by issuing: (A) Orders (B) Bills (C) Ordinance (D) Notification 20. In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court held that the Union Government cannot dismiss a duly elected State Government on the sole ground that the ruling party in the state suffered an overwhelming defeat in the election of the Lok Sabha ? (A) S. R. Bommai v. Union of India (B) Karunanidhi v. Union of India (C) Jayalalitha v. State 	 23. The Supreme Court considered the scope of Freedom of speech and expression under Article 19(1)(a) for the first time in : (A) Cross Roads Case (B) K. A. Abbas Case (C) Bandit Queen Case (D) None of the above 24. In which of the following Cases, Supreme Court held that right to legal aid is a Fundamental Right ? (A) Sunil Batra Case (B) M. H. Hoskot Case (C) Prem Shanker Shukla Case (D) None of the above 25. Reservation of seats for the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in every Panchayat is provided 27. Pecuniary jurisdiction of the court is contained in of Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 deal with stay of suits ? 27. Pecuniary jurisdiction of the court is contained in of Code of Civil Procedure. 27. Pecuniary jurisdiction of the court is contained in of Code of Civil Procedure. (A) Scretion 6 (B) Section 7 (C) Section 8 (D) Suits only (E) Suits as well as execution proceedings only (D) Suits as well as execution proceedings 29. Which of the following Section of the collowing section of the	of Io n
were added in the Preamble of the Indian Constitution by the Constitutional Amendment. (A) 42nd (B) 32nd (C) 25th (D) 9th 18. "Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment" is provided under Article : (A) 14 (B) 15 (C) 16 (D) 17	 (D) None of the above 21. The power of the Supreme Court of India to decide disputes between the Centre and the States falls under its : (A) Advisory jurisdiction (B) Appellate jurisdiction (C) Original jurisdiction (D) Constitutional jurisdiction 22. In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court used its power of Judicial review ? (A) Golaknath Case (B) Bank Nationalization Case (C) Minerva Mills Case (D) All orthe above 4. Contd. 	Indes in every Parchayatis provided under Articleof Constitution of India. (A) 243D (A) Section 9 (A) 243D (C) 275D (C) 275D (D) 272D (C) 275D (C) 275D 26. In which of the following provisions 'mesne profit has been defined in the Code of Civil Procedure ? (A) Section 10 (A) Section 2(4) (B) Section 2(4) (B) Property is situated (B) Section 2(12) (C) Defendant resided (C) Defendant resided (D) Section 2(14) (D) Any of the above	e

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- 31. Which of the following provisions under the Code of Civil Procedure. 1908 deals with rejection of plaint?
 - (A) Order 7, Rule 7
 - (B) Order 7, Rule 8

(C) Order 7, Rule 10

(D) Order 7. Rule 11

Which of the following order deals with issue and service of summons ?

> (A) Order V (B) Order VI

(C) Order VII

(D) Order IV

33. Defendant failed to file a written statement even after the stipulated time. The court pronounced the iudgement. It is :

> (A) Legal (B) Illega

(C) Justifiable

- (D) Irregular
- 34. An application to set aside an ex parte decree shall be filed before

(A) The High Court The court which passed the (B) decree

The court to which an appeal (C) lies from the decree (D) None of the above

(6)

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35. In a suit by A against B, C and D, ex parte decree was passed. C and D were not served with summonses while B was served. In such a situation : (A) Decree against all of them can be set aside

Decree against B cannot be set aside

Decree against all of them can-(C) not be set aside

(D) None of the above

36. An accused arrested can be kept in custody without producing him before the magistrate, after his arrest for a period of

(A) 12 hours (B) 24 hours

(C) 48 hours (D) 90 days

37. Section 41A, 41B, 41C and 41D were incorporated in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 by :

(A) The Code of Criminal Procedure (Amendment) Act, 2005

(B) The Code of Criminal Procedure (Amendment) Act, 2006 (C) The Code of Criminal Procedure (Amendment) Act, 2008

(D) None of the above Contd 38. In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court held that 'no arrest can be made because it is lawful for the police officer to do so. The existence of the power to arrest is one thing and the justification for the exercise of it is quite another. The police officer must be able to justify the arrest apart from his power to do so'?

(A) State of Gujarat v. Lal Singh Joginder Kumar v. State of UP (B) (C) Nandini Satpathy v. P. L. Dani

(D) None of the above When a police officer files a report

under Section 195(1)(a) of CrPC, it is known as a :

- Complaint (A) Refer Report (B)
- (C) Police Report
- (D) None of the above
- 40. Offence for which, a police officer, has no authority to arrest without warrant is called a :

(A) Bailable offence

- (B) Non-cognizable offence Non-compoundable offence (C)
- (D) None of the above

41. The accused filed an application before the magistrate to allow him to appear through his power of attorney

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(B) Illegal (C) Imprope (D) Irregular 42. Executive Magistrates are appointed _ of the Code of under ____ Criminal Procedure, 1973.

holder. The magistrate allowed the

petition. The order is :

(A) Legal

(A) Section 20 (B) Section 18

(C) Section 14

(D) Section 15

43. Which of the following Sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 deals with conditional order for removal of nuisance?

(A) Section 133

- (B) Section 134
- (C) Section 135
- (D) Section 136

(7)

- 44. Chapter XI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 deals with :
 - (A) Maintenance to wives, children and parents
 - (B) Maintenance of public order and tranquility

(C) Preventive action of police (D) None of the above

(Turn over)

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 (A) Murder (B) Rape (C) Terrorist Acts (D) None of the above 46. Which of the following Sections of the Indian Evidence Act deals with the relevancy of admissions and confessions ? (A) Sections 6 – 16 (B) Sections 17 – 31 (C) Sections 32 – 33 (D) Sections 34 – 39 47. Motive is insignificant when (A) Direct evidence is available (B) Direct evidence is not available (C) Only circumstantial evidence is 	of making the confession (C) Must be a suspect at the time of making the confession (D) None of the above 50. In which of the following cases did the Supreme Court held that a retracted confession can be used against the accused and it is not against Article 20(3) of the Constitution of India ? (A) Mubarak Ali v. State (B) Palwinder Kaur v. State of Punjab (C) Kalawati and another v. State of HP (D) None of the above	 (B) Vishakha Case (C) Nanavati Case (D) None of the above 53. The examination of a witness by the party who calls him shall be called	 drowning child (B) A is not liable for not saving the drowning child (C) Act is protected by general exceptions of the Indian Penal Code (D) None of the above 57. A person who consents, suffer no injury is known as : (A) De minimis non curat lex (B) Actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea (C) Volenti non fit injuria (D) None of the above
available (D) None of the above 48. An admission may be in nature. (A) Oral (B) Documentary (C) Oral and Documentary (D) Oral or documentary or contained in electronic form	 51. A and B are jointly tried for the murder of C. It is proved that A said, 'B and I murdered C'. The court may consider the effect of this confession as against	 (C) Limitation (D) None of the above 55. The contents of a document can be proved by (A) Primary evidence only (B) Direct evidence only (C) Primary or secondary evidence (D) None of the above ED – 1B/26 (9) 	 58. Which of the following Sections of the Indian Penal Code deals with right of private defence of the body and of the property ? (A) Section 98 (B) Section 96 (C) Section 97 (D) Section 99 (Turn over)[*]

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 A instigates B to murder D. B in pursuance of the instigation stabs D.
 D recovers from the wound :

> (A) A is guilty of instigating B to commit murder

- (B) A is guilty of attempt to murder
- (C) A is not guilty since intended act did not happen
- (D) None of the above
- Obstructing public servant in discharge of public functions is an offence punishable under ______ of the Indian Penal

Code.		
(A)	Section 186	
(B)	Section 187	

- (C) Section 188
- (D) Section 189
- 61. A, knowing that B has murdered Z, assists B to hide the body with the intention of screening B from punishment. Under which of the following Sections of the Indian Penal Code can A be punished ?
 - (A) Section 200

(B) Section 201

(C) Section 202(D) Section 203

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A doctor registered as a medical practitioner and entitled to practice in Homoeopathy only, prescribed an allopathic medicine to the patient. The patient died. The doctor is guilty of:

(A) Death by rash and negligent act(B) Murder

- (C) Culpable homicide not amounting to murder
- (D) None of the above
- 63. Criminal Breach of Trust is defined under ______ of the Indian Penal Code.
 (A) Section 403
 (B) Section 404

(C) Section 405

(D) Section 406

64. In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court held that legal and valid marriage is not a necessary ingredient to attract Section 498A of the Indian Penal Code ?

 (A) Reema Agarwal v. Anupam and others
 (B) Sushil Kumar Sharma v.

Union of India and others (C) Arun Vyas v. Anita Vyas (D) None of the above

10)

Contd.

- 65. A makes an attempt to pick the pocket of Z by thrusting his hand into Z's pocket. A fails in the attempt in consequence of Z's having nothing in his pocket.
- (A) A is guilty under Section 511 of the Indian Penal Code
- (B) Ais not guilty under Section 511 of the Indian Penal Code
- (C) A is guilty of no offence(D) None of the above
- 66. Which of the following Sections of the Limitation Act, 1963 deals with expiry of prescribed period when court is closed ?

(A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4

- (D) 5
- An order made on an application field beyond the period of limitation is :

 (A) Illegal

	(B)	Without jurisdiction
Γ	(C)	Irregular
1	(D)	None of the above

 In a suit for recovery of possession of a house from a deemed trustee of wakf property :

 (A) No limitation applies

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(B) Limitation is applicable

- (C) Depends
- (D) None of the above
- 69. The period of limitation for filing an application for the execution of any decree (other than a decree granting a mandatory injunction) or order of any civil court is :

(A)	1 year	

(B)	2 years

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(C) 3 years
(D) 12 years
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70. Exclusion of time under Section 14 is :
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(A)	Mandatory
(B)	Discretionary
(C)	Directory
(D)	None of the above

71.	Which of the following Sections of the		
	Limitation Act, 1963 deals with the		
	'Effect of substituting or adding new		
	plaintiff or defendant' ?		
	(A) 21		

(B)	22	
(C)	23	

(-)	
(D)	24

(11)

(Turn over)

72. In case of a suit for compensation for an act which does not give rise to a cause of action unless some specific injury actually results there from, the period of limitation shall be computed from the time : (A) When the injury results (B) When the act occurred

76.

- (C) Depends
- (D) None of the above 73. The jurisdiction to great exemption under Section 14 of Limitation Act,
 - 1963 is given exclusively to : (A) Civil Court
 - (B) High Court
 - (C) Supreme Court
 - (D) None of the above
- 74. The period of limitation for a suit for compensation for infringing copyright or any other exclusive privilege is :
 - (A) 1 year
 - (B) 2 years (C) 3 years
 - (D) 12 years
- 75. The period of limitation for filing an application to set aside a decree passed ex parte to rehear an appeal heard ex parte, is : (A) 10 days

(12)

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(B) 30 days 80. The registration of mortgage is not 84. In a lease of immovable property (C) 90 days required where the mortgage is : what is transferred, is the : (D) 1 year (A) Simple mortgage (A) Interest in the property A vested interest created in favour of (B) Anomalous mortgage (B) Right to enjoy the property an unborn person comes under : (C) English mortgage (C) Mesne profit (A) Section 20 (D) Mortgage by deposit of title (D) Possession alone Section 24 (B) deeds (C) Section 19 85. Transfer of immovable property 81. Any provisions made as a clog on (D) None of the above made with intent to defeat or delay redemption is : the creditors of the transferor is 77. Actionable claim means claim to any : (A) Void known as ; (A) Debt or beneficial interest (B) Voidable (A) Feeding the grant (B) Debt alone (C) Beneficial interest, other than (C) Valid (B) Transfer lis pendens debt (D) Enforceable (C) Fraudulent transfer (D) All of the above (D) Transfer by ostensible owner The lease of immovable property is 78. Doctrine of Election in the Transfer terminable by either party by a notice 86. The rule in Pinnel's Case relates to : of Property Act, 1882 is provided of: (A) Part performance under: (A) 15 days (A) Section 35 (B) Minor's contract (B) 3 months (B) Section 38 (C) Fraud (C) 1 month (C) Section 34 (D) Undue influence (D) None of the above (D) 6 months 87. When an offer is addressed to 79. The term 'Transfer of Property' is 83. Puisne mortgagee is the : the public at large, the offer is defined in the Transfer of Property (A) Assignee of the equity of called : Act, 1882 in : redemption (A) Advertisement (A) Section 3 (B) Co-mortgagee (B) Specific offer (B) Section 5 (C) Subsequent mortgagee (C) General offer (C) Section 2(a) (D) All of the above (D) Not defined in the Act (D) Auction Contd. ED - 1B/26 (13) (Turn over)

88. X makes a proposal to Y, which Y accepts. But before the acceptance comes to the knowledge of X, Y revokes his acceptance by telegram. When is the revocation complete ?

(A) When the telegram is

despatched

- (B) When the telegram is received by X
- (C) When the contents of the telegram come to the knowledge of X
- (D) When X accepts the revocation
- 89. 'A' threatened to commit suicide his wife and son if refused to execute a deed in his favour. They executed the deed. The deed is said to have been obtained by :

(A) Fraud

- (B) Undue influence (C) Coercion
- (D) Misrepresentation
- 90. Wagering agreements are void but
 - collateral transactions will be :
 - (A) Void
 - (B) Voidable
 - (C) Valid
 - (D) Valid, at the discretion of court

(14)

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- 91. Owner of a cinema-hall contracts to exhibit a film in the month of October. In the month of September, the hall collapsed during an earthquake. The contract :
 - (A) Is valid and binds the owner of the cinema-hall to exhibit the film
 - (B) Is not frustrated (C) Has become impossible to
 - perform (D) Has to be honoured and so the owner should reconstruct the hall to exhibit the film

92. If a person accepts a lesser sum of money than what was contracted for
a discharge of the whole debt, it is known as :

(A) Remission

- (B) Alteration
- (C) Rescission
- (D) Waiver
- 93. Under English law a contract of insurance other than life insurance is :
 - (A) Contract of agency
 - (B) Contingent contract
 - (C) Contract of guarantee

(D) Contract of indemnity

Contd

94. The leading case Carlill v. Carbolic Smoke Ball Co. relates to : (A) Capacity of parties (B) Minor's agreement (C) General offer

95. 'Consensus ad idem' means :(A) Consent of the parties

(D) Tender

obtained illegally (B) Parties identified the same thing in the same sense

(C) Contract between the same parties

(D) Contract without consent Distribution of property among heirs in Class II of the Schedule under Section 11 shall be divided between

(A) One share

them:

- (B) Equally (C) 1/3rd share
- (D) 1/4th share
- 97. Who among the following is a Class I heir?(A) Brother's son

(A) A creature of Hindu law
(B) Created by agreement between parties
(C) Created by act of parties
(D) None of the above

(B) Sister's son

98. Coparcenary is.

(C) Brother's daughter

(D) None of the above

 A person who dies without making testamentary disposition in respect of his property under Section 3(g) is _______.

(A)	Coparcener
(B)	Intestate

- (C) Testator
- (D) Legatee

100. General rules of succession in the case of the succession of the female Hindus are dealt with under

(A) Section 16
(B) Section 20
(C) Section 21
(D) Section 15

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(15)

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(Turn over)